Name Class				
Teacher Target Grade		of it	⊭	How I am going to improve my knowledge or understanding. Eg Revision Guides, GCSE Pods, Practise papers or Intervention
AQA GCSE Geography Paper 2: Challenges in the human environment	need help	got some of it	have nailed	
Section B: The Changing Economic World	l nee	got	l ha	
Key idea: There are global variations in economic development and quality of life.				
82 I can explain that there are different ways of classifying parts of the world according to their level of economic development and quality of life.		Т	П	
83 I understand different economic and social measures of development: gross national income (GNI) per head, birth and death rates, infant				
mortality, life expectancy, people per doctor, literacy rates, access to safe water, Human Development Index (HDI).				
84 I can explain the <b>limitations</b> of economic and social measures.				
85 I can describe and explain the links between stages of the Demographic Transition Model and the level of development.				
86 I can describe and explain the causes of uneven development: physical, economic and historical.				
87 I understand consequences of uneven development: disparities in wealth and health, international migration.				
88 I can describe the consequences of uneven development: disparities in wealth and health, international migration.				
Key idea: Various strategies exist for reducing the global development gap.				
89 I can outline the strategies used to reduce the development gap: investment, industrial development and tourism, aid, using intermediate				
technology, fairtrade, debt relief, microfinance loans.				
90 I can use an example to describe and explain how the growth of tourism in an LIC or NEE helps to reduce the development gap.				
Key idea: Some LICs and NEEs are experiencing rapid economic development which leads to significant social, environmental and cultural				
91 I can use a case study (India or Nigeria) of a LIC or NEE to illustrate: the location and importance of the country, regionally and globally; the				
wider political, social, cultural and environmental context within which the country is placed; the changing industrial structure. The balance				
between different sectors of the economy. How manufacturing industry can stimulate economic development; the role of transnational				
corporations (TNCs) in relation to industrial development. Advantages and disadvantages of TNC(s) to the host country; the changing political and				
trading relationships with the wider world; international aid: types of aid, impacts of aid on the receiving country; the environmental impacts of				
economic development; the <b>effects of economic development on quality of life</b> for the population.				
Key idea: Major changes in the economy of the UK have affected, and will continue to affect, employment patterns and regional growth.				
92 I can describe and explain the causes of economic change: de-industrialisation and decline of traditional industrial base, globalisation and government policies				
93 I can describe and explain reasons for moving towards a post-industrial economy: development of information technology, service industries,				
finance, research, science and business parks				
94 I can describe the impacts of industry on the physical environment and using an example explain how modern industrial development can be				
more environmentally sustainable				
95 I can describe and explain the social and economic changes in the rural landscape in one area of population growth and one area of population				
decline				
96 I can describe and explain the improvements and new developments in road and rail infrastructure, port and airport capacity				
97 I can explain the north–south divide. Outline strategies used in an attempt to resolve regional differences				
98 I can Describe the place of the UK in the wider world. Describe and explain the links through trade, culture, transport, and electronic communication and the economic and political links looking specifically at the European Union (EU) and Commonwealth.				