Medicine through time 1700-1900 PLC

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| **Key questions 1700-1900** | Confidence rating  | Answer |
|  | ✓ |  ? |  |
| **Medicine in the 18th and 19th Century (1700-1900)**  |
| What new ideas did people have about the cause of disease? |  |  |  |
| Why was Pasteur’s Germ Theory an important breakthrough in medicine? |  |  |  |
| Koch further researched bacteriology, what did he discover? How?  |  |  |  |
| How important was Jenner’s vaccination? |  |  |  |
| How was the surgical problem of pain ‘solved’?  |  |  |  |
| How was the surgical problem of infection ‘solved’?  |  |  |  |
| How did Florence Nightingale develop nursing and hospital care? |  |  |  |
| What did the government implement in this period to improve public health? |  |  |  |
| John Snow discovered dirty water caused cholera, what was the impact of his work? |  |  |  |
| How did **technology** help improve medicine in this this period?  |  |  |  |
| How did **communication** help improve medicine in this period?  |  |  |  |
| How did **war** help improve medicine in this period?  |  |  |  |
| How did the **role of government** help improve medicine?  |  |  |  |
| How did the **attitudes** changing how to improve medicine? |  |  |  |
| Give examples of how medicine progressed from the Renaissance to the Industrial period? |  |  |  |
| Give examples of how medicine stayed the same (continuity) from the Renaissance to the Industrial period?  |  |  |  |
| **Types of exam question *(write down the technique for each question).***  |  |  |  |
| 1. Explain one way…
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| 1. Explain why…
 |  |  |  |
| 1. Statement- how far do you agree?
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